Steiner triple systems with a given automorphism group

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(joint work with Bill Kantor)

Steiner triple system (STS) of <u>order</u> v
 = S(2,3, v) = 2-(v,3,1) design.
 Existence ⇔ v = 1 or 3 (mod 6) ⇔ v <u>admissible</u>.

- Babai 1980: Almost all STSs are <u>rigid</u>
 (no automorphism, except the identity).
- Mendelsohn 1978: Any finite group is the automorphism group of some STS of order $v = 2^n-1$.

Problem: Given a finite abstract group *G*, for which integers *v* is there an STS of order *v* whose full automorphism group is isomorphic to *G*?

Theorem 1 (J.D. and B.K. 2022). Given a finite group G, there is an integer N_G such that, for every admissible $v \ge N_G$, there is an STS V of order v for which Aut $V \cong G$.

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If |G|=1, N_G=15 (Lindner and Rosa 1975)
If |G|=2, is N_G=15?
   v = 15 80 (White, Cole and Cummings 1919)
|G| = 1: 36
|G| = 2:
   v=19 11,084,874,829 (Kaski & Östergärd 2004)
|G|=1: 11,084,710,071
|G| = 2:
                 149,522
Our proof produces the bound N_G = 2^{O(|G|)}
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Theorem 2 (J.D. and B.K. 2022).

If W is an STS, there is an integer N_W such that, for every admissible $v \ge N_W$, there is an STS V of order v having W as an Aut V-invariant subsystem such that Aut $V \cong A$ ut W and Aut V induces Aut W on W.

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Theorem or Fake News?

Given any two finite groups G and H, there is an integer $N_{G,H}$ such that, for every admissible $v \ge N_{G,H}$, there is an STS V of order v having a subsystem W such that Aut $V \cong G$ and Aut $W \cong H$.

Aut $V \cong G$ WAut $W \cong H$



What about other Steiner systems S(t,k,v)?

Theorem (Kantor 2019).

Given G, there are infinitely many integers v such that there is an S(3,4,v) V for which Aut $V \cong G$.

Same conclusion for the systems S(2,k,v) where k = q or q+1 (q a prime power >2).

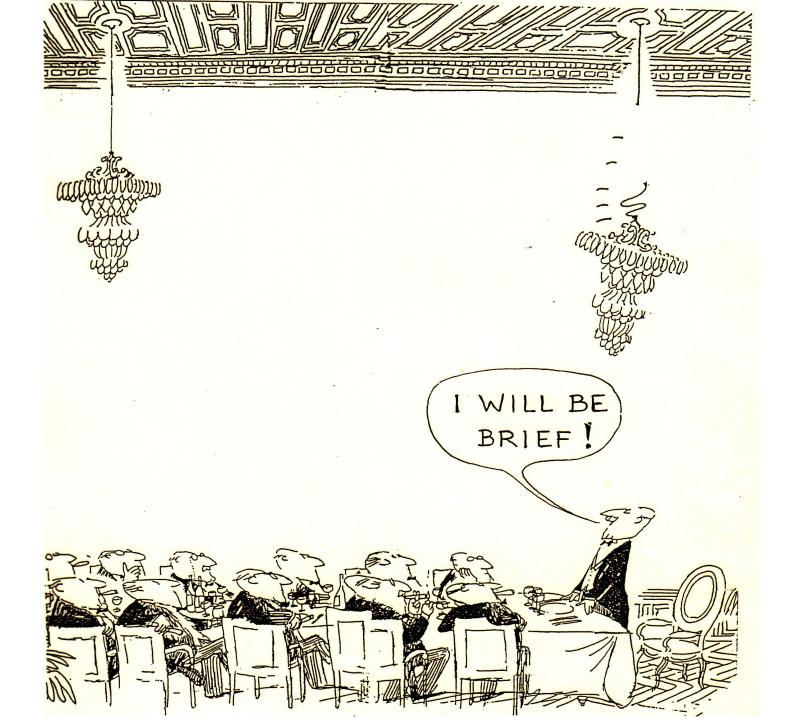
What about graphs?

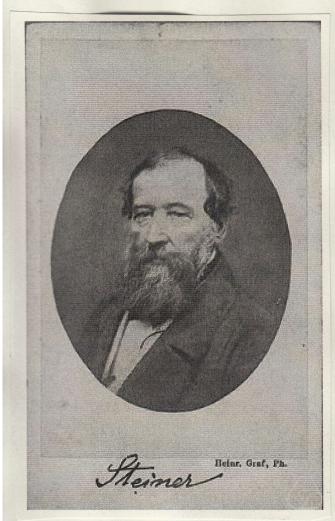
Exercise (folklore)

If |G| > 5, then for every integer $v \ge 2|G| + 2$, there is a finite connected undirected graph V on v vertices such that Aut $V \cong G$.

<u>Hint</u>:

Start with such a graph on v = 2|G| vertices (exists by Babai 1974) and try to enlarge it without changing its automorphism group.





Jakob Steiner

1796 to 1863







